



EU GENERAL DATA PROTECTION REGULATIONS (GDPR)



An individual's rights - Giving control of personal data back to individuals

- The right to be informed
- The right of access
- The right of rectification
- The right of erasure
- The right to restrict processing
- The right to data portability
- The right to object
- The right not to be subject to automatic processing

Breach Notification

Compulsory breach notification within

72 hours

Fines

4% Global Turnover or
20 Million Euro

A data breach is:

- Loss of confidentiality of the data – someone has access to it that they shouldn't have
- Loss of Integrity of the data – the data is out of date, or incorrect
- Loss of availability of the data – the data can't be accessed when required

Important definitions

Personal Data	Sensitive Data	Data Subject	Data Controller	Data Processor	Processing
Any information related to a living individual that is personally identifiable information.	Special categories of personal information that will include racial, ethnic, political opinion, religion, physical, mental health conditions and sexual orientation	A living individual who is the subject of personal data	An individual or company that has control and ownership of data and who determines the purpose and the manner in which personal data is processed	An individual or company which processes personal data on behalf of the controller. All processing is in accordance with the instructions of the controller	The obtaining, recording or holding of information or data or the carrying out of any operation set of operations on the information or data. This includes access, storage, retrieval, disclosure and destruction or erasure of that information